

**MID HUDSON ATHLETIC LEAGUE
ATHLETIC DIRECTORS WORKSHOP
Wednesday MARCH 23,2022 - 9:30AM
Zoom Meeting**

1. APPROVAL OF MINUTES OF LAST MEETING
2. SECTION REPORT-MR. GREG RANSOM/ MR.JAMES OSBORNE
3. PRESIDENT'S REPORT- MR. TOM CASSATA

REGIONAL OFFICE REPORT

5. ATHLETIC COORDINATOR'S REPORT- MR. DENNIS BURKETT
**Please access meeting materials
Prior to meeting on our website**
**-PROPOSAL TO REMOVE POINT SYSTEM BYLAW AND INSTALL A DIVISION TIE
BREAKER**
-SUPPLY CHAIN ISSUES
-LARGE SCHOOL, SMALL SCHOOL TENNIS CHAMPS(SECTION 9)
6. Combining of Teams- DOM ZARRELLA
7. Modified Report- Mr. Greg Warren
8. OLD BUSINESS-
9. NEW BUSINESS
10. MOTION TO ADJOURN

Discussion Items for the Leagues and Section Athletic Council

- **Handbook Committee** - Eligibility of non-corresponding transfer students.
 - The current rule, under the NOTE section states: “Students in grade 7-10, shall be eligible to participate at the sub-varsity level and practice at all levels, while students in grade 11-12 shall be limited to practice at (all levels) only. At no time during the one-year period of ineligibility at the varsity level should a student participate in a scrimmage or be an exhibition participant at the varsity level.”
 - The proposal is to remove the differentiation between 7-10 and 11-12. This would result in a student in grade 11 now being able to immediately play, although at the JV level for the first year.
 - **Thoughts:** Are we opening a can of worms? Maybe, maybe not, but we should be thoughtful and folks should understand you may then have a pretty advanced player playing against your JV kids.
 - The current rule seems to be working just fine as is.

- **Football** - Establish an 8-man Regional Championship
 - Only class C and D schools would be eligible to participate in the postseason.
- **Football** - Change in Targeting Disqualification Penalty
 - The proposal is to have a player who is disqualified for targeting sit out for 2 full halves, rather than the rest of the game they were disqualified in, **plus** another entire game. This proposal actually stays within the spirit of the Ejection policy – Timewise, they still sit out the equivalent of 1 game. This will still penalize a player, but in a sport of Football with only nine games, helps minimize the impact of lost time. This proposal is for Targeting ONLY.
- **Football** - Sections VI, VIII, and XI will be looking for an earlier start date or to suspend the 7-day Practice Rule for the first two (2) weeks.

- **Volleyball** - Remove Waiver for 5th Set, Play to 15 Points at Varsity level
- **Volleyball** - Waive NYSPHSAA Warm-up Rule #3 and Adopt NCAA Warm-up Rule
- **Volleyball** - Remove Waiver of Current 60-Second Time Out Rule and Adopt 75-Second NCAA Time Out Rule
- **Volleyball** - Approval of Regional Matchups/Rotations 2022-2025
 - ***Our Chairperson Steve Boucher is in favor of approving all of these items.***

- **Girls & Boys Tennis** - Establish 9th/10th Place Playback Format at both Individual State Tournaments.

- **Field Hockey** - Amend current Regional Rotation to include At-Large-Berth to fill Bys.

- **Boys Lacrosse** - Approve new Regional Rotation for 2022-2027



Section IX Spring 2022 Guidelines

The Section IX Protocol Committee has developed a set of guidelines for the Spring 2022 season. These guidelines are subject to change based on any future mandates from the Governor, the State Department of Health, the local County Departments of Health, the State Education Department or the NYSPHSAA.

The guidelines are as follows:

1. Section IX will conduct the Spring 2022 season in all sports.
2. Indoor sports will not be required to wear masks. They are optional for anyone who wishes to wear them.
3. Indoor sports will allow spectators with no capacity limitations. Spectators will not be required to wear masks.
4. Outdoor sports will not require masks for players, coaches, site personnel and officials.
5. Outdoor sports will allow spectators with no mask requirements.
6. Section IX reminds all schools to follow social distancing and all other mitigating protocols to keep all participants as safe as possible.
7. Section IX contests played at neutral site venues, such as colleges, town, or county parks etc., will follow the guidelines established by the host facility.
8. All schools should be mindful of mask shaming or bullying for athletes who choose to continue wearing masks. It will not be tolerated.
9. Effective Date for these protocols will be March 2, 2022.



From the OCIAA Constitution:

ARTICLE XIII
PROTEST PROCEDURE

Protest of an athletic event is not condoned by the OCIAA. Sportsmanship, acceptance of decision, and judgment are integral parts of the learning process. However, on the rare occasion where the lack of fair play has been totally disregarded, the following procedure must be followed:

Section 1: Protest must be done on site prior to conclusion of athletic event and/or in accordance with the National Organization Rules approved by the New York State Public High School Athletic Association as specified within the current New York State Handbook.

Section 2: A written protest, signed by the Superintendent or in their absence by an official designee, must be submitted to the Athletic Coordinator and a copy to the sports Chairperson of the sport involved, postmarked or hand delivered within 72 hours of the occurrence of the protest.

Section 3: A hearing will be held before the Protest Committee within eight calendar days of the receipt of the written protest. The schools involved in the protest must be represented at the hearing. The Protest Committee will render a decision by majority vote.

Section 4: The Protest Committee shall consist of the President or his/her designee, the Sports Chairperson and members of the sports committee of the sport involved. No member of the Protest Committee shall be a member of the schools involved in the protest. The Athletic Coordinator shall be a non-voting member of this committee.

Section 5: Any appeal procedure shall follow the New York State Public High School Athletic Association Handbook.

MID HUDSON ATHLETIC LEAGUE 2022-2023 CALENDAR

<u>DATE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>ACTIVITY/EVENT</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>
7 June (Tues)	4:00 PM	Football Rules Interp. Meeting (Varsity/JV/Freshmen)	Middletown H.S. Capstone Room
22 Aug (Mon)		All Sports Start Practice (Varsity/JV/Freshmen)	
22 Aug (Mon)		8 Man Football Practice starts	
24 Aug (Wed)	9:30 AM	MHAL Athletic Directors Workshop	TBA
26 Aug (Thurs)	7:00 PM	Fall Sports Rules Interp. Meeting (Varsity/JV/Mod)	Virtual
5 Sept (Mon)		Holiday (Labor Day) - Office closed	
6 Sept (Tues)		First Day - Modified Fall Sports may start	
8 Sept (Thurs)	6:00 PM	Modified Football Rules Meeting	Middletown H.S. Capstone Room
12 Sept (Mon)	9:30 AM	NYSPHSAA Mandated Workshop	TBA
21 Sept (Wed)	9:30 AM	MHAL Athletic Directors Workshop	TBA
26 Sept (Mon)		Holiday (Rosh Hashanah) - Office closed	
5 Oct (Wed)		Yom Kippur – Office closed	
10 Oct (Mon)		Holiday (Columbus Day) - Office closed	
19 Oct (Wed)	9:30 AM	MHAL Athletic Directors Workshop	TBA
19 Oct (Wed)	11:00 AM	MHAL Executive Committee Meeting	TBA
9 Nov (Wed)	7:00 PM	Wrestling Rules Interp. Meeting	Virtual
11 Nov (Fri)		Holiday (Veterans Day) – Office closed	
14 Nov (Mon)		Winter Sports may start (Varsity/ JV)	
17 Nov (Thurs)	7:00 PM	Winter Rules Interpretation Meeting (Varsity/ JV/Mod)	Virtual
21 Nov (Mon)		Modified Winter Sports may start	
24-25 Nov (Thurs/Fri)		Thanksgiving Holiday – Office closed	
30 Nov (Wed)	9:30 AM	MHAL Athletic Directors Workshop	TBA
21 Dec (Wed)	9:30 AM	MHAL Athletic Directors Workshop	TBA
26 Dec- 2 Jan		Winter Recess	
16 Jan (Mon)		Holiday (Martin Luther King Day) – Office closed	
18 Jan (Wed)	9:30 AM	MHAL Athletic Directors Workshop	TBA
18 Jan (Wed)	11:00 AM	MHAL Executive Committee Meeting	TBA
24-27 Jan (Tues-Fri)		Regents Week	
15 Feb (Tues)	9:30 AM	MHAL Athletic Directors Workshop	TBA
20-24 Feb (Mon-Fri)		February Recess	
13 Mar (Mon)		Spring Sports may start (Varsity/JV)	
13 Mar (Mon)	7:30 PM	Spring Rules Interpretation Meeting (Var/JV/Modified)	Virtual
20 Mar (Mon)		Modified Spring Sports may start	
22 Mar (Wed)	9:30 AM	MHAL Athletic Directors Workshop	TBA
Apr 11- Apr 15		Spring Recess	
19 Apr (Wed)	9:30 AM	MHAL Athletic Directors Workshop	TBA
16 May (Tues)	-----	School Budget Vote Day	
17 May (Wed)	9:30 AM	MHAL Athletic Directors Workshop	TBA
17 May (Wed)	11:00 AM	MHAL Executive Committee Meeting	TBA
29 May (Mon)		Holiday (Memorial Day) – Office closed	
7 June (Wed)	9:30 AM	MHAL Athletic Directors Workshop	TBA
14-23 June		Regents Exams	

<u>SECTION IX MEETING DATES</u>		<u>Section IX Start Dates – High School</u>	
Thurs. Sept. 8, 2022	Orange Ulster BOCES Carl Onken – 9:30 AM	All Fall Sports - Mon., Aug. 22, 2022	
Mon. Sept. 12, 2022	Orange Ulster BOCES Carl Onken – 9:30 AM	All Winter Sports - Mon., Nov. 14, 2022	
Tues. Oct. 4, 2022	Orange Ulster BOCES Carl Onken – 9:30 AM	All Spring Sports - Mon, March 13, 2023	
Tues. Nov. 1, 2022	Orange Ulster BOCES Carl Onken – 9:30 AM		
Wed. Jan. 4, 2023	Orange Ulster BOCES Carl Onken – 9:30 AM		
Tues. March 14, 2023	Orange Ulster BOCES Carl Onken – 9:30 AM		
Tues. April 11, 2023	Orange Ulster BOCES Carl Onken – 9:30 AM		
Tues. May 9, 2023	Orange Ulster BOCES Carl Onken – 9:30 AM		
Thur. June 15, 2023	TBA		
		<u>Section IX Start Dates – Modified</u>	
		All Fall Sports – Sept. 6 or 1 st day school	
		All Winter Sports - Mon., Nov. 21, 2022	
		All Spring Sports - Mon, March 20, 2023	
<u>NYSPHSAA Meetings:</u>	<u>SAT Test Dates</u>	<u>ACT Test Dates</u>	<u>PSAT Test Dates</u>
Oct. 19, 2022	October 1, 2022	Sept 10, 2022	Oct. 12, 2022
Feb. 1, 2023	November 5, 2022	Oct 22, 2022	Oct. 15, 2022
May 3, 2023	December 3, 2022	Dec 10, 2022	
July 25-26, 2023	March 11, 2023	Feb 11, 2023	<u>AP Exams</u>
	May 6, 2023	April 1, 2023	May 1 -5, 2023
	June 3, 2023	June 10, 2023	May 8 – 12, 2023



OFFICIAL NYSPHSAA GIRLS FLAG FOOTBALL RULES

THE GAME, FIELD, PLAYERS AND EQUIPMENT

General Rules

1. The game should be played between 2 teams of 7 players each. Five players are required to avoid a forfeit.
2. The game shall be played under the supervision of 3 officials.
3. A speaking captain must be selected to make all decisions and shall be the only one who addresses the officials.
4. Team representatives, including players, substitutes, replaced players, coaches, trainers, and other persons affiliated with the team are subject to the rules of the game, and shall be governed by decisions of officials assigned to the game.

The Field

1. The field should be a minimum of 40 yards in width and 80 yards in length and contain four (4) twenty (20) yard zones with a ten (10) yard end zone on each end.
2. A one (1) yard wide line should be marked at each end at the three- and ten-yard lines in the middle of the field. These lines shall be used for the extra point try when a team scores a touchdown. The 20-yard line will also be used for an extra point try.

Game and Player Equipment (Legal)

1. Football - The official ball shall be pebble-grained leather or rubber covered and shall be of intermediate, junior, or youth size. The referee shall be the sole judge of any ball offered for play and may change the ball during play at his/her discretion.
2. Jerseys - Players of opposing teams must wear contrasting colored jerseys, and/or pinnies.
3. Pants / Shorts - Each player must wear pants or shorts without any belt(s), belt loop(s), pockets, or exposed drawstrings. The pants or shorts must be a different color than the flags.
4. Flag belt - Each player must wear sonic flag belts at the waistline with two flags.
5. Gloves - Players may wear gloves which must consist of a soft, pliable and nonabrasive material
6. Headwear - Players are not permitted to wear bandanas. Players may wear knit stocking caps, or elastic headbands. Hats may not have a bill.
7. Shoes - Shoes with cleats must be made of soft pliable plastic or rubber. No exposed metal cleats are permitted. (See illegal player equipment).
8. Mouthguard - All players are required to wear mouthguards during game play.

Game and Player Equipment (Illegal)

1. A player wearing illegal equipment shall not be permitted to play. This applies to any equipment, which, in the opinion of the Referee, is dangerous or confusing. Types of equipment or substances which shall always be declared illegal include:
 - A. Headgear containing any hard, unyielding, or stiff material, including billed hats.
 - B. Jewelry
 - C. Pads or braces worn above the waist.
 - D. Shoes with metal, ceramic, screw-in, or detachable cleats. Any team found wearing illegal equipment will be penalized 15 yards, and the second warning results in a forfeit.

E. Shirts or jerseys, which do not remain, tucked in. Any hood on a coat, sweatshirt, or shirt, which does not remain tucked in.

F. Pants or shorts with any belt(s), belt loop(s), pocket(s) or exposed drawstring(s).

G. Leg and knee braces made of hard, unyielding material, unless covered on both sides and all edges overlapped, and any other hard substance is covered with at least 1/2 inch of closed cell slow recovery rubber or other material of similar thickness and physical properties.

H. Towels attached at the player's waist (flag only).

2. Players will be sent off the field during the next dead ball to permit prompt repair of equipment, which becomes illegal or defective through use (except for illegal shoes).

DEFINITIONS OF PLAYING TERMS

Catch - A catch is an act of establishing player possession of a live ball in flight.

Clipping – Clipping is running or diving into the back or throwing or dropping the body across the back of the leg or legs of an opponent, or pushing an opponent in the back.

Diving - a ball carrier may not dive (diving is defined as an offensive player leaving their feet without returning to their feet) in an effort to gain extra yardage. Defenders can dive to pull a flag.

Encroachment - Encroachment is a term to indicate a defensive player is illegally in the neutral zone. An entering substitute is not considered to be a player for encroachment restrictions until he/she is on his/her team's side of the neutral zone.

Fair Catch – A signal made by receiving person of a punt in which the receiver cannot run after catching the ball and the ball is immediately down when caught.

Foul – A foul is a rule infraction for which a penalty is assessed.

Fumble - A fumble is a loss of player possession other than by handing passing or kicking the ball.

Goal Line – Each goal line is a vertical plane separating the end zone from the field of play. The plane of goal extends beyond the sideline.

Hurdling - Hurdling is an attempt by a player to jump with one or both feet or knees foremost over a player who is on his/her feet.

Interception - A catch of an opponent's pass or fumble in flight is an interception.

Live Ball - A pass or fumble, which has not yet touched the ground, is a live ball in flight and therefore can be caught and advanced by either team.

Neutral Zone - The neutral zone is the area between the offensive and defensive line of scrimmage that has been established by the spot cone markers and extends to each sideline. It is established when the ball is ready for play.

Pass (Forward and Backward) - A forward pass is a pass thrown with its initial direction toward the opponent's end line. A backward pass is a pass thrown with its initial direction parallel with or toward the passer's end line. A pass continues to be a pass until it is caught or strikes the ground. A backward pass that hits the ground is ruled the same as a fumble. It will be dead at the spot where it strikes the ground.

Penalty – A penalty is a loss imposed by rule upon a team that has committed a foul.

Protective Scrimmage Kick – A punt in which prohibits either team from advancing beyond their scrimmage lines until the ball is kicked.

Punting - A punt is kicking the ball by a player who drops it and kicks it before it hits the ground.

Screen Blocking - Screen Blocking is legally obstructing an opponent without initiating contact with him/her with any part of the screen blocker's body.

Tagging - Tagging is placing one hand anywhere between the shoulders and knees of an opponent with the ball. The tagger may leave his/her feet to make the tag. Pushing, striking, slapping, and holding are not permitted. If a player trips the runner in his/her attempt to make a diving tag, it is a penalty.

- A. Tagging is appropriate when the flag belt for an offensive player falls off on its own - without a pull from the defender.
 - a. Ex: Receiver is running a route, uncontacted, the flag belt falls off and they receive a pass- at that time it is appropriate to tag that ball carrier.

Tripping – Tripping is the use of the lower leg or foot to obstruct an opponent, including the runner, below the knee.

PERIODS, TIME FACTORS, SUBSTITUTIONS

1. Game time is forfeit time.

2. Coin Toss – The second team on the scoresheet shall be the home team. The game will begin with a coin toss. The visiting team will have the choice before the toss – heads or tails. The team who wins the coin toss has the option to defer, select offense (either a 20-yard line start) or defense).

3. Length of game - Playing Time shall be 48 minutes, divided into two halves of 24 minutes each. The intermission between halves shall be 5 minutes. When overtime is used, there will be a 3-minute intermission

4. Shortened Periods - Before the start of the game, playing time may be shortened by mutual agreement of the field captains and the Referee. Anytime during the game, the playing time of any remaining period(s) may be shortened by mutual agreement of the opposing captains and the Referee.

5. Extended Periods - A half may be extended by an untimed down when, during the last timed down, one of the following occurred:

A. If there was a foul by either team and the penalty is accepted.

B. If there was a double foul.

C. If there was an inadvertent whistle and the down is to be replayed.

D. If a touchdown was scored, the try is attempted unless the touchdown is scored during the last down of the second half and the point(s) would not affect the outcome of the game or playoff qualifying.

6. 2-Minute Warning - Approximately 2 minutes before the end of each half the Referee informs both captains of the playing time remaining in that half.

7. Stopped Clock:

A. Incomplete Pass

B. Out-of-Bounds

C. Score (touchdown or safety)

D. Team time-out

E. Fair Catch

F. Penalty and administration (on snap or ready for play depending on previous ball status)

G. Referee's Time-out - starts at his/her discretion

H. Touchback

I. Change of Possession

J. Team attempting to conserve time illegally

K. First Down (this is a temporary stop, wind the clock once ball and officials are set)

8. Timing Errors - The Referee shall have the authority to correct obvious timing errors if discovery is prior to the second live ball following the error unless the period had officially ended.

9. Tie Game - In case of a playoff game ending in a tie score, the officials must bring all players and coaches of both teams to the center of the field. They will discuss the tiebreaker procedures and answer all questions prior to the coin toss. After this meeting the field captains will stay while the remaining players and coaches return to their respective sidelines.

A. A coin will be flipped or odd/even choice by the visiting team captain will determine the options as in the start of

the game. The winner of the toss shall be given the options of offense, defense, or direction. The loser of the toss shall make a choice of the remaining options. **Each overtime period begins with a coin toss or odd/even choice.**

B. ALL OVERTIME PERIODS ARE PLAYED TOWARD THE SAME GOAL LINE.

C. Unless moved by penalty, each team will start 1st and goal from the 20-yard line. The object will be to score a touchdown. An overtime period consists of one possession by each team. If the score is still tied after one period, they go to a second period or as many as needed to determine a winner. If the first team which is awarded the ball scores, the opponent still has a chance to win the game. If the defense intercepts the pass or fumble and returns it for a touchdown, they win the game. If they do not return the interception for a touchdown, the ball will belong to the defense, as the offense did not convert their chance. They must convert to win or another period starts. Each team is entitled to one time-out per overtime period.

D. Penalties - The offense should be awarded a new series of 4 downs when the penalty for defensive pass interference or roughing the passer is accepted. Dead ball fouls following a successful try will be penalized from the succeeding spot.

10. Time-Outs – Each team is entitled to 2 charged timeouts per game.

A. The Referee shall declare time-out when he/she suspends the play for any reason. Each time-out shall be charged either to the Referee or one of the teams.

B. The Referee shall declare an official's time-out when a team is illegally conserving time and administer a five-yard penalty.

C. The Referee may declare an official's time-out for any contingency not covered elsewhere by the Rules.

D. Coach-Referee Conference - When a team requests a charged time-out for a misapplication or misinterpretation of a rule, the Referee will confer with the team captain or coach. The request must be made prior to the time the ball becomes alive following the play to be reviewed unless the period has officially ended. At the end of the half the team has until the first snap of the second half to protest.

E. An injured or apparently injured player, who is discovered by an official while the ball is dead and the clock is stopped, shall be replaced for at least one down unless the halftime or overtime intermission occurs. A player who is bleeding, has an open wound, or has blood on the uniform shall be considered injured.

11. Delays

Delay of Game - The ball must be put in play promptly and legally and any action or inaction by either team, which tends to prevent this, is a delay of game. This includes:

- A. Failure to snap or free kick within 25 seconds after the ball is ready for play.
- B. Putting the ball in play before it is declared ready for play.
- C. Deliberately advancing the ball after it has been declared dead.

Unfair Tactics - The Referee may order the game clock started or stopped whenever, in his/her opinion, either team is trying to conserve or consume playing time by tactics obviously unfair.

Penalty: Delay of Game, 5 yards from previous spot.

12. Substitutions - No substitute shall enter during a down. All substitutions must enter the game during a dead ball.

SERIES OF DOWNS, NUMBER OF DOWN, & THE TEAM POSSESSION AFTER PENALTY

1. Each team receives four (4) downs to pass the zone-line-to-gain or endzone.

2. The zone line-to-gain in any series shall be the zone in advance of the ball, unless distance has been lost due to penalty or failure to gain. In such cases, the original zone in advance of the ball at the beginning of the series of downs is the zone line-to-gain. The most forward point of the ball, when declared dead between the goal lines, shall be the determining factor.

3. A new series of downs shall be awarded when a team moves the ball into the next zone on a play free from penalty; or a penalty against the opponents moves the ball into the next zone; or an accepted penalty against the opponents involves an automatic first down; or either team has obtained legal possession of a ball as a result of a penalty, free kick, protected scrimmage kick, touchback, pass interception, or failure to gain the zone in advance of the ball.

4. To start the game, 2nd half and following scores, the ball will be placed on the 20yd line (2nd zone front line).

5. If offsetting fouls occur during a down, that down shall be repeated.

Exception: If each team fouls during a down in which there is a change of team possession, the team last gaining possession may retain the ball, provided its foul was not prior to the final change of possession and it declines all penalties for its opponent's fouls, other than unsportsmanlike.

KICKING THE BALL AND FAIR CATCH

Protected Scrimmage Kick

1. Prior to making the ball ready for play on fourth down, the Referee must ask the offense if he/she wants a protected kick (punt). The Referee must communicate this decision to the defensive captain and the other officials.
 - a. The offensive team must declare their intentions on 4th down – punting or *going for it*
2. The offense must have all field players (typically 6) except the punter on the line of scrimmage. The defense must have at least 5 players within 1 yard of their scrimmage line. All players on the line of scrimmage must remain motionless until the kick is made. A line player may not raise his/her arms to distract the kicker or block the kick. **Penalty:** Illegal Procedure, 5 yards from the previous spot.
3. The kicker must be at least 5 yards behind the scrimmage line when receiving the snap. After receiving the snap, the kicker must kick the ball immediately and in a continuous motion.
4. Any kick caught by the kicking team behind the line of scrimmage cannot be advanced.
5. If the ball touches the ground following a protected scrimmage kick (punt), the play is dead where the ball initially landed or crossed out of bounds.

Fair Catch

1. Any receiver may signal for a fair catch while any kick is in flight and is beyond the kicker's free kick line.
2. If any receiver gives a valid signal for a fair catch and catches the kick beyond the kicker's line and between the goal lines, it is a fair catch and the ball becomes dead.
3. After a valid fair catch signal by any member of the receiving team, no receiver may advance the ball. When receiving a protected kick, the receiver may call for a fair catch. The player must signal intention by extending one arm above his/her head and waving laterally from side to side more than once.
4. An invalid fair catch signal is any signal by a receiver before the kick is caught or recovered that does not meet the requirements of a valid signal or after the kick has touched a receiver or the ground.

SNAPPING, HANDLING, PASSING, RECEIVING, RUNNING THE BALL

Prior to the Snap

1. Following the ready for play and until the snap, no player on defense may encroach, touch the ball, nor may any player contact opponents or in any other way interfere with them. This includes standing in the neutral zone to give defensive signals or shifting through the zone. After the snapper has placed his/her hands on the ball, it is encroachment for any player to break the scrimmage line plane, except for the snapper's right to be over the ball. **Penalty:** Dead Ball Foul, Encroachment, 5 yards from the previous spot.
2. The snapper, after assuming position for the snap and adjusting the ball, may neither move nor change the position of the ball in a manner simulating the beginning of a play until it is snapped. An infraction of this provision may be penalized, whether or not the ball is snapped, and the penalty for any resultant encroachment or contact foul by an opponent shall be cancelled.

Position and Action during the Snap

1. The offensive team must have at least 4 players within 1 yard of the scrimmage line at the snap.
Penalty: Illegal Formation, 5 yards from previous spot
2. All offensive players must be within 15 yards of the ball.
Penalty: Illegal Formation, 5 yards from previous spot
3. One offensive player may be in motion, but not in motion toward the opponent's goal line.

Penalty: Illegal Motion, 5 yards from previous spot

4. The player who receives the snap must be at least two yards behind the offensive scrimmage.

Penalty: Illegal Formation, 5 yards from previous spot

5. In a snap preceded by a huddle or shift, all offensive players must come to a complete stop and remain stationary in legal position without movement of feet, body, head, arms for at least one full second before the snap. **Penalty – Illegal Shift, 5 yards from previous spot**

Passing and Receiving

1. All players are eligible to catch a pass.

2. There is no **diving** while running with the ball. A receiver may dive to catch a ball. A defensive player may dive for to try to remove a flag.

2. A runner may pass the ball backward or lose player possession by a fumble at any time except if intentionally thrown out-of-bounds to conserve time or to avoid being deflagged/tagged.

3. A backward pass or fumble which touches the ground between the goal lines is dead at the spot where it touches the ground and belongs to the last team in possession unless lost on downs.

4. A backward pass or fumble that goes out-of-bounds between the goal lines belongs to the team last in possession at the out-of-bounds spot. If out-of-bounds behind a goal line, it is a touchback or safety.

5. If an offensive player fumbles the ball prior to reaching the end zone and the ball lands in the end zone, the offensive team shall retain possession at the spot of the fumble.

5a. A forward fumble out-of-bounds between the goal lines comes back to the spot where the team last in possession lost the ball.

6. A forward pass is illegal:

A. If the passer's foot is on or beyond the line of scrimmage.

B. If intentionally thrown to the ground or out-of-bounds to save loss of yardage.

C. If there is more than one forward pass per down.

7. The line of scrimmage remains throughout the play. A team may advance the ball across the line of scrimmage by backwards passes or runs, and then backwards pass the ball behind the line for a forward pass attempt.

8. If a player attempts a catch or intercept while in the air, the player must contact the ground inbounds with the ball in his/her possession prior to touching out-of-bounds, unless an opponent's contact causes him/her to first touch out-of-bounds.

A. If one foot first lands in-bounds and the receiver has possession and control of the ball, it is a catch or interception although a subsequent step or fall takes the receiver out-of-bounds.

B. A loss of ball simultaneously with returning to the ground is not a catch or interception.

9. A player may, while jumping in the air to attempt a catch, may pass (tip) the ball forward provided he/she has not touched the ground yet.

10. Pass Interference - Contact that interferes with an eligible receiver who is beyond the line of scrimmage is pass interference unless it occurs when 2 or more eligible receivers make a simultaneous and bona fide attempt to reach, catch, or bat a pass.

A. Offensive Pass Interference - after the ball is snapped, and until a receiver has touched it, there shall be no offensive pass interference beyond the line of scrimmage.

Penalty: Offensive Pass Interference, 10 yards from previous spot, loss of down

B. Defensive Pass Interference - after the pass is thrown, and until it is touched, there shall be no defensive pass interference beyond the line of scrimmage while the ball is in flight.

Penalty: Defensive Pass Interference, 10 yards from previous spot, automatic first down

11. Roughing the passer - Defensive players must make a definite effort to avoid charging into the passer after it is clear the ball has been thrown, also there should be no attempts to hit the player's arm during a throwing motion.

Penalty: Roughing the Passer, 10 yards, automatic first down

Running and Flag Removal

1. Flag Removal - When the flag is clearly taken from the runner in possession of the ball, the down shall end, and the ball is declared dead. A player who removes the flag from the runner should immediately hold the flag above their head to assist the official in locating the spot where the capture occurred. A. Players must have possession of the ball before they can legally be deflagged.
 - B. When a runner loses their flag belt either accidentally, inadvertently (not removed by grabbing or pulling), or on purpose, play continues. The deflagging reverts to a one-hand tag of the runner between the shoulders and knees.
 - C. In circumstances where a flag is removed illegally, play should continue with the option of the penalty or the play.
 - D. A defensive player intentionally pulling a flag belt from an offensive player without the ball is illegal. The official shall warn the team, any further penalty will result in an unsportsmanlike conduct.
 - E. Tampering with the flag belt in any way to gain an advantage including tying, using foreign materials, or other such acts is illegal.
 - F. A defensive player may leave their feet when trying to remove the flag.
 - G. If an eligible receiver is deflagged/tagged prior to touching the ball on a pass thrown beyond the line of scrimmage.
Penalty: Early Flag Pull Foul, 5 yards from spot of the penalty
2. Contact - In an attempt to remove the flag belt from a runner, defensive players may contact the body and shoulders, but not the face, neck or any part of the head of an opponent with their hands. A defensive player may not hold, push, or knock the runner down in an attempt to remove the flag belt.
Penalty: Defensive Holding, 10 yards from spot
3. Flag Guarding - A runner shall not flag guard by using their hands, arms, or the ball to deny the opportunity for an opponent to pull or remove the flag belt. A player may use a spin, jump cut, or dip, however; must keep their arms away from their flag to avoid flag guarding.
Penalty: Flag guarding, 10 yards from the spot of the penalty.
 - A. A runner shall be prohibited from contacting an opponent with an extended hand or arm which includes the use of a "stiff arm" to flag guard
Penalty: Flag guarding, 10 yards from the spot of the penalty
4. Helping the runner - A player shall not grasp, pull, push or aid any teammate runner.
Penalty: Helping the Runner, 5 yards from spot of the penalty.

BLOCKING

1. Offense Blocking - The offensive blocking shall take place without contact. The blocker shall have his/her hands and arms at his/her side or behind his/her back. Any use of the hands, arms, elbows, legs, or body to initiate contact during an offensive block is illegal.
Penalty: Personal Foul, 10 yards from the spot of the penalty
2. Interlock Blocking - Teammates of a runner or passer may interfere for him/her by screen blocking but shall not use interlocked interference by grasping or encircling one another in any manner.
3. Defensive Rush and Use of Hands - Defensive players must attempt to go around the offensive blocker. Defensive players must not use any part of his/her arms, hands, elbows, or any part of the body to contact the offensive player.
Penalty: Personal Foul, 10 yards from previous spot

SCORING PLAYS AND TOUCHBACKS

Touchdown

1. All touchdowns are 6 points
2. A touchdown shall be scored when a legal forward pass is completed or a fumble or backward pass is caught behind

the opponent's goal line or when a player is legally in possession of the ball and penetrates the vertical plane of the opponent's goal line. The ball scores, not the player's hips or flag.

Extra Point Try = 1, 2, or 3 Points

1. An opportunity to score 1 point from the 3-yard line or 2 points from the 10-yard line, or 3 points from the 20-yard line shall be granted to the team scoring a touchdown. While time is out there shall be one scrimmage play, unless changed by penalty.
2. The Referee must speak to the field captain, asking him/her whether the try shall be from the 3, 10 or 20-yard line. Once the scoring team makes the choice, he/she may change the decision only by taking a charged team time out.
3. If a double foul occurs during the down, the down shall be replayed. When a distance penalty is incurred by the offense during a successful try, the down will be repeated, if accepted. However, if the offense penalty carries a loss of down, the try has ended and will not be repeated.

Safety = 2 points

1. It is a safety when a runner carries the ball from the field of play to or across his/her own goal line, and it becomes dead there in his/her team's possession.
Exception: Momentum Rule
2. A safety is also when an offensive player commits a foul for which the penalty is accepted, and the measurement is from the spot of the foul that is in the end zone.
3. When a safety is scored, the ball belongs to the defending team, and they shall put the ball in play from the 20-yard line.

CONDUCT OF PLAYERS AND OTHERS

Unsportsmanlike Conduct

1. No player shall commit non-contact acts during a period or intermission. Examples include, but are not limited to:
 - A. Any acts of unfair play.
 - B. Using disconcerting acts or words prior to the snap in an attempt to interfere with the offense's signals or movements.
 - C. Intentionally kicking at any opposing player.
 - D. Intentionally swinging an arm, hand or fist at any opposing player.
2. Dead Ball Player Fouls
 - A. Intentionally kicking the ball.
 - B. Spike the ball into the ground.
 - C. Throw the ball high into the air.
3. Prohibited Acts - There shall be no unsportsmanlike conduct by players, substitutes, coaches or others subject to the Rules. Examples include, but are not limited to:
 - A. Attempting to influence a decision by an official.
 - B. Disrespectfully addressing an official.
 - C. Indicating objections to an official's decision.
 - D. Holding an unauthorized conference or being on the field illegally.
 - E. Using profanity, insulting or vulgar language or gestures.
 - F. Intentionally contacting a game official physically during the game by persons subject to the rules.

Personal Fouls

1. No player shall commit a personal foul during a period or an intermission. Any act prohibited hereunder, or any other act of unnecessary roughness is a personal foul. No player shall:
 - A. Punch, strike, strip, steal, or attempt to steal the ball from a player in possession.
 - B. Trip an opponent.
 - C. Contact an opponent who is on the ground.
 - D. Throw the runner to the ground.
 - E. Hurdle any other player.

- F. Contact an opponent either before or after the ball is declared dead.
- G. Make any contact with an opponent that is deemed unnecessary of any nature including using fists, locked hands, elbows, or any part of the forearm or hand, except according to Flag Rules.
- H. Deliberately drive or run into a defensive player.
- I. Clip an opponent.
- J. Tackling the runner.

ENFORCEMENT OF PENALTIES
















1. Captain's Choice - When a foul occurs during a live ball, the referee shall, at the end of the down, notify both captains. The referee shall inform the captain of the offended team regarding the rights of penalty acceptance or declination and shall indicate the number of the ensuing down, distance to be gained, and status of the ball for each available choice. The distance penalty for any foul may be declined. If the penalty is declined or if there is a double foul, there is no loss of distance. A captain's choice of options may not be revoked.
2. Live Ball Fouls – Any live ball foul is penalized according to the all-but one enforcement principle, except:
 - A. A foul that occurs simultaneously with the snap or free kick is penalized from the previous spot.
 - B. A non-player foul, unsportsmanlike foul, or dead ball foul is penalized from the succeeding spot.
3. Dead Ball Fouls – When a foul occurs during a dead ball either between downs or before a snap or free kick, the officials shall not permit the ball to become live.
4. Establish Zone-line-to-gain - On a live ball foul mark off the penalty yardage first, then establish the zone line to gain. However, with a dead ball foul, establish the zone line to gain first, and then mark off the penalty yardage.
5. All-But-One Principle - Enforcement philosophy is based on the fact that a team is given the advantage of the distance that is gained without assistance of a foul. It is assumed that the only foul that would give this aid is a foul by the offense behind the basic spot. Therefore, all fouls but this one, that is a foul by the offense behind the basic spot, are penalized from the basic spot. This one foul is penalized from the spot of the foul.
6. Loose Ball Play – If a foul occurs during a loose ball play, the basic enforcement spot is the previous spot either the spot of the snap or the free kick.
7. Running Play – If a foul occurs during a running play, the basic enforcement spot is the spot where the related run ends.
8. Half the Distance - A measurement cannot take the ball more than half the distance from the enforcement spot to the offending team's goal line. If the penalty is greater than this, the ball is placed halfway between the enforcement spot and the goal line.
9. Safety / Goal Line - If the offensive team throws an illegal forward pass from its end zone or commits any other foul for which the penalty is accepted and measurement is from or behind its goal line which is now the basic spot, it is a safety. For a defensive team foul, if the enforcement spot that is now the basic spot is on or behind the offended team's goal line any measurement is from the goal line.
10. Foul on a Score - If there is a player foul by the offensive team other than unsportsmanlike or nonplayer, during a down which results in a successful touchdown or try, the acceptance of the penalty nullifies the score. If there is a player foul by the defensive team, other than unsportsmanlike or non-player, during a down which results in a successful touchdown or try, the penalty is automatically declined.
11. Foul Prior to a Try - When a foul occurs after a touchdown and before the ball is ready for play for the try, the enforcement is at the succeeding spot where the ball will be next snapped for the try, usually the 3 or 10 yard line.
12. Double Foul - It is a double foul if both teams commit fouls, other than unsportsmanlike or nonplayer, during the same live ball period in which:
 - A. There is no change of possession.
 - B. There is a change of possession, and the team in possession at the end of the down fouls prior to final change of possession.

C. There is a change of possession and the team in final possession accepts the penalty for its opponent's foul. In all three the penalties cancel and the down is replayed.

EXCEPTION: If each team fouls during a down in which there is a change of team possession, the team last gaining possession may retain the ball, provided its foul is not prior to the final change of possession and it declined the penalty for its opponents foul(s), other than unsportsmanlike or nonplayer.

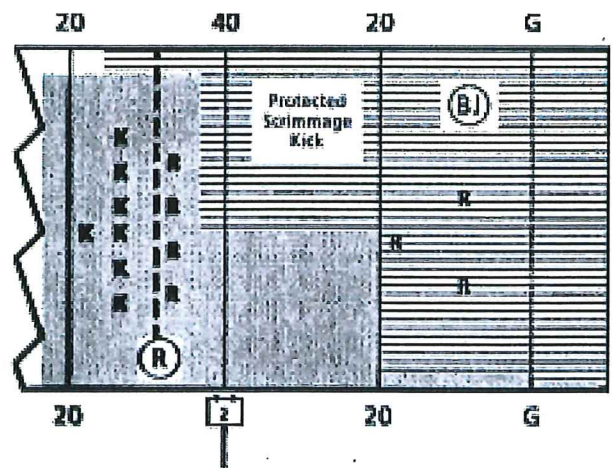
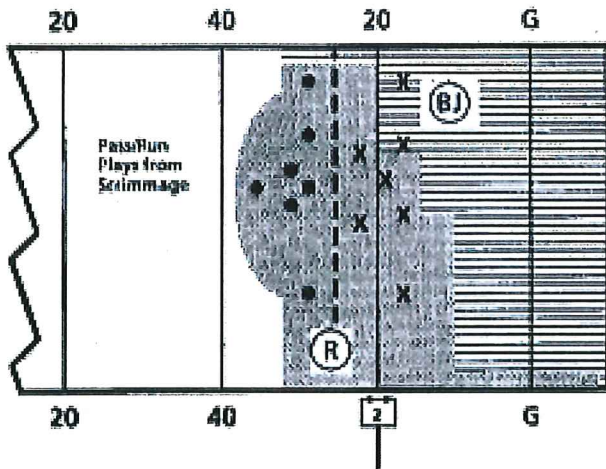
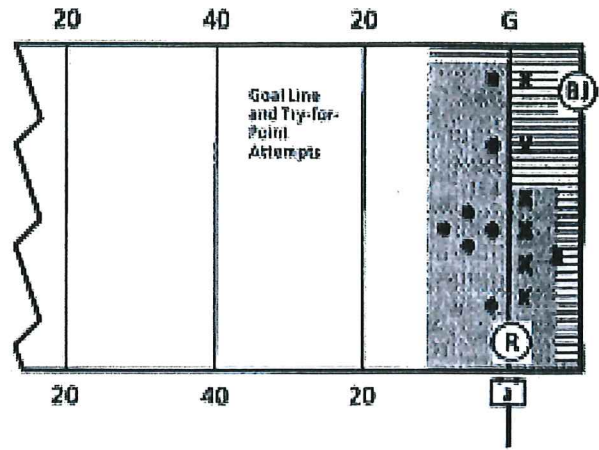
13. Multiple Live Ball Fouls - When 2 or more live ball fouls are committed by the same team, only one penalty may be chosen except when a foul(s) for unsportsmanlike or nonplayer conduct occurs. In such cases, the penalty/penalties for the unsportsmanlike conduct or nonplayer fouls are administered from the succeeding spot as a dead ball foul.
14. Multiple Dead Ball Fouls - Penalties for dead ball fouls are administered separately and in the order of occurrence. Dead ball fouls are not coupled with live ball fouls or other dead ball fouls to create double or multiple fouls. Penalize all unsportsmanlike and nonplayer fouls separately.

OFFICIAL'S SIGNALS

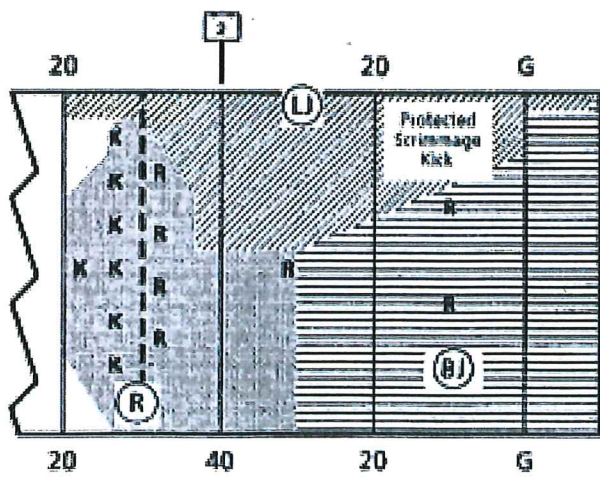
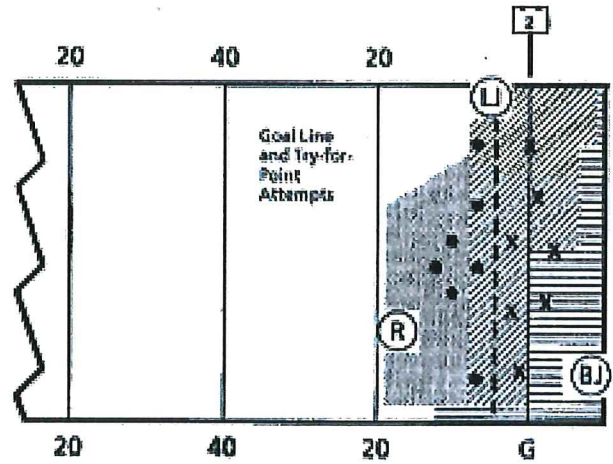
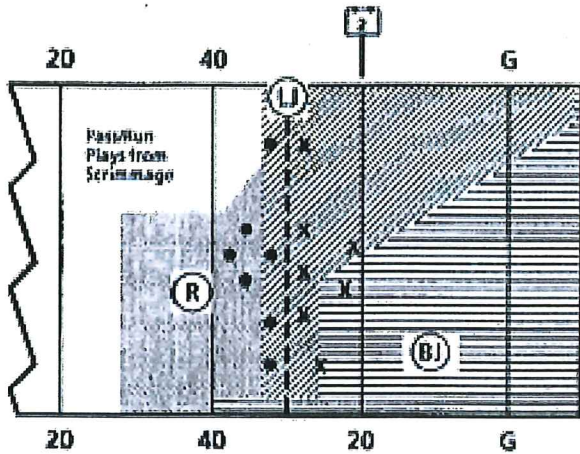
FOOTBALL OFFICIALS SIGNALS		
		
Positioning for set pieces (corner, freekick)	Hand on chest to indicate foul play or misconduct	Hand on hip and arm out
		
Hands on head	Arms crossed to indicate injury	Hand on hip and arm out
		
Hands	Hands on hips to indicate injury	Arms extended to indicate injury in play
		
Hand on hip and arm out	Hand on hip and arm out to indicate injury	Hand on hip and arm out
		
Hand on hip and arm out to indicate injury	Hand on hip and arm out to indicate injury	Hands on head to indicate injury of a player

From Football Handbook: The National Organization of State High School Athletic

2 - MAN SYSTEM POSITIONING



3 - MAN SYSTEM POSITIONING



N. Y. Girls H S Flag Rules One Pager

Timing:

Games are 48 minutes, 2-24 minutes halves with 5-minute halftime. 2 timeouts per game. Each Team has 2 charged timeouts per game. 25 second play clock

NYSPPHSAA/NFHS N Y State Football Game Clock Operation

Scoring:

Touchdowns: 6-points/ Conversions: 1 from the 3, 2 from the 10, 3 from the 20/ Safeties and returned conversions 2 points

Alignment:

Center on the LOS, 4 players must be within 1-yard of the LOS and within 15 yards of the ball. 2-yard neutral zone with Referee placing pucks at the ball and @ 1-yard for the defense. QB must be at least 2-yards from the center to receive the snap

Game:

Running: Hand offs are permitted anywhere on the field. Loose ball backwards (passes, pitches, fumbles), ball is dead at the spot it contacts the ground or out of bounds. End Zone (Safety) Fumbles forward, dead at the spot possession is lost, including into the end zone from the field of play. Out of the endzone end line (air), touchback. Runners are not permitted to dive with the ball/ Dead Ball.

Blocking is permitted but arms, elbows and hands MUST be inside the body's framework through the hips, knees and ankles. Contact should be avoided.

Passing: Passes allowed behind the LOS and anyone is eligible. 1 pass per play. Ball can be advanced beyond the LOS, thrown backwards into the backfield and passed forward. Illegal if, Entire lead foot is on or beyond the LOS, intentionally thrown to the ground or out of bounds to avoid a sack or 2 play.

Receiving: Possession with one foot or body part other than the hand contacting the ground 1st in bounds unless defenders contact takes them out of bounds. Ball may be tipped/ batted forward by receiver in the air as long as the ground is not contacted 1st

Penalties:

Flag guarding is the attempt by the ball-carrier to obstruct the defender access to the flags by stiff arming, dropping the hand, arm, shoulder or head or intentionally covering the flags with the football or jersey

Players may not initiate contact when avoidable both on the Offense and Defense

PENALTIES

Section 1: Penalty Chart

PENALTY	Yardage	Where is the Penalty Assessed?	Result
Flag Guarding	5	Spot of foul	Loss of Down
Illegal Forward Pass	5	Previous spot	Loss of Down
Offensive Pass Interference	5	Previous spot	Loss of Down
Defensive Pass Interference	10 or spot foul	10 from Previous spot or spot foul (whichever the offense chooses)	Automatic 1st Down
Personal Foul/Unnecessary Roughness	15	End of the play or previous spot	By the Offense: Loss of Down
			By the Defense: Automatic 1st Down
Unsportsmanlike Conduct	15	End of the play or previous spot	By the Offense: Loss of Down
			By the Defense: Automatic 1st Down
Roughing the Passer	10	Previous spot	Automatic 1st Down

Delay of Game	5	Previous spot	Replay Down
			** LOD, if 2 min or less
False Start	5	Previous spot	Replay Down
			**LOD, if 2 min or less
Encroachment	5	Previous spot	Automatic 1st Down
Illegal Shift or Illegal Motion	5	Previous spot	Replay Down – live ball penalty
Stripping or Attempted Stripping	5	Spot of the foul	Automatic 1st Down
Illegal Contact	5	Previous spot or spot of the foul	By the Offense: Loss of Down
			By the Defense: Automatic 1st Down
Early Flag Pull	5	Previous spot	Automatic 1st Down
Illegal Participation	5	Previous spot	Loss of Down
Illegal Rush	5	Previous spot	Replay Down
Illegal Blocking	5	Spot foul or from previous spot if behind LOS	Loss of Down
Holding	5	Spot of the foul	Automatic 1st Down
Charging	5	Spot of the foul	Loss of Down

Soccer – Request for Information

Please have responses ready for our next AD Meeting:

Boys Soccer:

Does Section 9 favor 5 classifications for Boys Soccer or 6 Classification for Boys Soccer?

Do we want to eliminate mouth guards for modified soccer goalies?

Do we want to eliminate yellow cards accumulation starting with sectional play?

Girls Soccer:

Does Section 9 favor 5 Classifications for Girls Soccer or 6 Classification for Girls Soccer?

Do you support a proposal to change the overtime procedure which will read: Regular season league play will be two 10-minute SUDDEN VICTORY periods. During Sectional and State Championship play overtime periods will be two 15-minute SUDDE VICTORY periods. This Change would align with what boys soccer is now doing.

Currently:

During regular season league play there are two fully played 10 minute periods.

During Sectional and State Championship play there are two fully played 10-minute periods followed by two 5- minute SUDDEN VICTORY periods.

Do you support a proposal to lengthen the season for girls soccer to start on week 7(Week before our current scheduled start date? If adopted, a Section can choose to be more restrictive and start after week 7.



HEAT INDEX PROCEDURES

Administration of Heat Index Procedures:

- Feels Like Temperature (Heat index) or THI using a Wet Bulb indicator on the field will be checked 1 hour before the contest/practice by a certified athletic trainer, athletic director, or school designee when the air temperature is 80 degrees (Fahrenheit) or higher.
- Download WeatherBug app to your phone or log into www.weatherbug.com. Schools may also use a Wet Bulb indicator on the field that will be used.
- Enter zip code or city and state in the location section of the app or on-line or determine the THI by using a Wet Bulb indicator.
- If the Feels Like temperature (heat index) or the Wet Bulb Indicator is 90 degrees or above, the athletic trainer, athletic director, or school designee must re-check the Feels Like temperature (heat index) or Wet Bulb indicator at halftime or midway point of the contest. If the Feels Like temperature (heat index) or Wet Bulb indicator is 96 degrees (Fahrenheit) or more, the contest will be suspended.

Please refer to the following chart to take the appropriate actions:

	Feels Like Temp(Heat Index) or Wet Bulb indicator under 79 degrees	Full activity. No restrictions
R E C O M M E N D E D	Heat Index Caution: Feels Like Temp (Heat Index) or Wet Bulb indicator 80 degrees to 85 degrees	Provide ample water and multiple water breaks. Monitor athletes for heat illness. Consider reducing the amount of time for the practice session.
	Heat Index Watch: Feels Like Temp (Heat Index) or Wet Bulb indicator 86 degrees to 90 degrees	Provide ample water and multiple water breaks. Monitor athletes for heat illness. Consider postponing practice to a time when Feels Like temp is lower. Consider reducing the amount of time for the practice session. 1 hour of recovery time for every hour of practice (ex. 2hr practice = 2hr recovery time).
	Heat Index Warning: Feels Like Temp (Heat Index) or Wet Bulb Indicator 91 degrees to 95 degrees	Provide ample water and water breaks every 15 minutes. Monitor athletes for heat illness. Consider postponing practice to a time when Feels Like temp is much lower. Consider reducing the amount of time for the practice session. 1 hour of recovery time for every hour of practice (ex. 2hr practice = 2hr recovery time). Light weight and loose fitting clothes should be worn. For Practices only Football Helmets should be worn. No other protective equipment should be worn.
REQUIRED	Heat Index Alert: Feels Like Temp (Heat Index) or Wet Bulb indicator 96 degrees or greater	No outside activity, practice or contest, should be held. Inside activity should only be held if air conditioned.

NYSPHSAA
THUNDER & LIGHTNING POLICY

(Effective 10/25/04)
(Revised October 20, 2008)

Applies to regular season through NYSPHSAA Finals:

1) Thunder and lightning necessitates that contests be suspended. The occurrence of thunder and/or lightning is not subject to interpretation or discussion - thunder is thunder, lightning is lightning.

a) With your site administrator, set up a plan for shelter prior to the start of any contest.

2) When thunder is heard and/or when lightning is seen, the following procedures should be adhered to:

a) Suspend play and direct participants to go to shelter, a building normally occupied by the public or if a building is unavailable, participants should go inside a vehicle with a solid metal top (e.g. bus, van, car).

b) Do not permit people to stand under or near a tree; and have all stay away from poles, antennas, towers and underground watering systems.

c) After thunder and/or lightning have left the area, wait 30 minutes after the last boom is heard or strike is seen before resuming play or competition.