DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Local Literacy Plan Template: 2024-25 School Year

To support every child reading at or above grade level every year, beginning in kindergarten, and to support multilingual learners and students receiving special education services in achieving their individualized reading goals in order to meet grade level proficiency, a school district or charter school must adopt a local literacy plan that describes how they are working to meet that goal. A district must update and submit the plan to the commissioner by June 15 each year <u>Minn. Stat.120B.12</u>, <u>subd. 4a (2023)</u>. With the purpose of assisting districts and charter schools, the Department of Education has developed this Local Literacy Plan template. The Local Literacy Plan must be approved by the Superintendent and posted to the district or charter school's website annually.

District or Charter School Information

District or Charter School Name and Number: _ Wabasha-Kellogg Public School District 0811-01_____

Date of Last Revision: 6/14/2024

Minnesota READ Act Goal

The goal of the READ Act is to have every Minnesota child reading at or above grade level every year, beginning in kindergarten, and to support multilingual learners and students receiving special education services in achieving their individualized reading goals <u>Minn. Stat. 120B.12 (2023)</u>.

District or Charter School Literacy Goal

Describe the district or charter school's literacy goals for the 2024-25 school year.

Wabasha-Kellogg's goal is to increase the number of students in grades 3-8 and grade 10 by 5% in the meets and exceeds category for the 2025 MCAs as well as increase the number of Kindergarten students by 5% who are in the low risk category for the spring 2025 FastBridge earlyReading composity score.

Universal and Dyslexia Screening

Identify which screener system is being utilized:

- \Box mCLASS with DIBELS 8th Edition
- $\Box\,$ DIBELS Data System (DDS) with DIBELS 8th Edition
- ⊠ FastBridge: earlyReading (Grades K-1) and CBMReading (Grades 1-3)

Grades K-3 Screeners

Indicate in the chart below the assessment(s) used for universal and dyslexia screening for grades K-3 students, what skills are assessed with the screener, and how often the screener data is collected.

Name of the Assessment	Target Audience (Grades K-3)	What component of reading is being assessed? (Each component should be addressed.)	Assessment Type (Each type of assessment should be represented.)	How often is the data being collected?
mCLASS with DIBELS 8 th Edition	 Grade K Grade 1 Grade 2 Grade 3 	 Oral Language Phonological Awareness Phonics Fluency Vocabulary Comprehension 	 Universal Screening Dyslexia Screening 	 First 6 weeks of School (Fall) Winter (optional) Last 6 weeks of School (Spring)
DIBELS Data System (DDS) with DIBELS 8 th Edition	 Grade K Grade 1 Grade 2 Grade 3 	 Oral Language Phonological Awareness Phonics Fluency Vocabulary Comprehension 	 Universal Screening Dyslexia Screening 	 First 6 weeks of School (Fall) Winter (optional) Last 6 weeks of School (Spring)
FastBridge: earlyReading (Grades K-1) and CBMReading (Grades 1-3)	 ☑ Grade K ☑ Grade 1 ☑ Grade 2 ☑ Grade 3 	 Oral Language Phonological Awareness Phonics Fluency Vocabulary Comprehension 	 ☑ Universal Screening ☑ Dyslexia Screening 	 ➢ First 6 weeks of School (Fall) ➢ Winter (optional) ➢ Last 6 weeks of School (Spring)

Grades 4-12 Screeners

For students who do not demonstrate mastery of foundational reading skills, indicate in the chart below the assessment(s) used for universal and dyslexia screening, what skills are assessed with the screener, and how often the screener data is collected.

Name of the Assessment	Target Audience (Grades 4-12)	What component of reading is being assessed? (Each component should be addressed.)	Assessment Type (Each type of assessment should be represented.)	How often is the data being collected?
Name of Screener: FastBridge: aReading and AUTOreading (Grades 4-10) CBMreading (Grades 4-8)	 ☑ Grade 4 ☑ Grade 5 ☑ Grade 6 ☑ Grade 7 ☑ Grade 8 ☑ Grade 9 ☑ Grade 10 □ Grade 11 □ Grade 12 	 Oral Language Phonological Awareness Phonics Fluency Vocabulary Comprehension 	 ☑ Universal Screening ☑ Dyslexia Screening 	 ➢ First 6 weeks of School (Fall) ➢ Winter (optional) ➢ Last 6 weeks of School (Spring)
Name of Screener:	 Grade 4 Grade 5 Grade 6 Grade 7 Grade 8 Grade 9 Grade 10 Grade 11 Grade 12 	 Oral Language Phonological Awareness Phonics Fluency Vocabulary Comprehension 	 Universal Screening Dyslexia Screening 	 First 6 weeks of School (Fall) Winter (optional) Last 6 weeks of School (Spring)

Parent Notification and Involvement

Describe the method(s) that are used to notify parents or guardians when children are identified as not reading at or above grade level and the reading related services provided. Include what strategies are shared with parents/families to use at home.

After fall screenings are completed, students are identified who are not reading at or above grade level and a form goes home to parents requesting reading intervention services through either or ADSIS program or Reading Corps. Students are then progress monitored and parents are notified if students demonstrated that they are ready to exit the program. We use the same process for winter screening. Spring screening and MCA scores help identify which students qualify for summer targeted services based on not reading at or above grade level in which a letter is sent home to parents requesting specific students to come in for additional services. All parents are notified about effective reading practices and strategies to encourage at-home reading. In the past, we have hosted literacy nights and it is our intent to get back to doing this again.

Student Summary Level and Dyslexia Screening Data 2023-24 School Year

For districts currently using one of the three approved screeners, if able, please include benchmark data in this submission. For those transitioning to an approved screener, you will submit data in June 2025.

Summary Data Kindergarten through 3rd Grade

For grades kindergarten through grade three, indicate the number of students:

- universally screened
- students at or above benchmark in the fall and spring.
- students screened for dyslexia
- students identified with characteristics of dyslexia.

Grade	Number of Students Universally Screened in Fall	Number of Students Universally at or Above Benchmark Fall	Number of Students Universally Screened in Spring	Number of Students at or Above Benchmark Spring	Number of Students Screened for Dyslexia	Number Identified with Characteristics of Dyslexia
KG	24	3	25	20	25	5
1 st	29	9	33	15	0	0
2 nd	22	13	22	17	0	0
3 rd	24	10	25	9	0	0

Students Grades 4-12 Not Reading at Grade Level

For grades 4-12, indicate the number of students screened, the number of students not reading at grade level, and the number of students identified with characteristics of dyslexia.

Grade	Total Number of Students	Number of Students Identified as Not Reading at Grade Level	Number of Students Screened for Dyslexia	Number of Students Identified with Characteristics of Dyslexia
4 th	36	14	0	0
5 th	28	10	0	0
6 th	26	9	0	0
7 th	38	17	0	0
8 th	42	15	0	0
9 th	41	9	0	0
10 th	46	14	0	0
11 th				
12 th				

Core Reading Instruction and Curricula Grades K-5

Please indicate the curricula used for core reading instruction at each grade level. Include a description of how the curricula is used and the model of delivery.

Grade	Implemented Curricula	Description of Curricula Use (Foundational Skills, Knowledge Building, Comprehensive or Supplemental)	Instructional Delivery Model (Include Minutes Dedicated to Whole Class and Differentiated Instruction)
KG	Wonders	Comprehensive	90
1 st	Wonders	Comprehensive	90
2 nd	Wonders	Comprehensive	90
3 rd	Wonders	Comprehensive	90
4 th	Wonders	Comprehensive	90
5 th	Wonders	Comprehensive	90

Core ELA Instruction and Curricula Grades 6-12

Grade	Implemented ELA Curricula	Description of Curricula Use (e.g. comprehension, vocabulary, writing)	Instructional Delivery Model (e.g. class period length, block schedule, IB, AP)
6 th	Wonders	Comprehensive	90
7 th	Holt MacDougal literature Common Core	Basal and Standards based activities	block
8 th	Holt MacDougal literature Common Core and Savvas Realize	Basal and Standards based activities	block
9 th		Standards based activities	block
10 th	Savvas Realize	Basal and Standards based activities	block
11 th		Standards based activities	block
12 th		Standards based activities	block

Data-Based Decision Making for Literacy Interventions

Districts are strongly encouraged to adopt the <u>Minnesota Multi-Tiered System of Supports</u> (MnMTSS) framework. This framework should include a process for monitoring student progress, evaluating program fidelity, and analyzing student outcomes and needs in order to design and implement ongoing evidenced-based instruction and interventions <u>Minn. Stat.120B.12</u>, subd. 4a (2023). Component 5.1 of the MnMTSS framework provides indicators and criteria for effective data-based decision making. Component 1.6 and the MnMTSS Team Guidebook provide information on establishing effective linked teams for data-based decision making.

Discuss if and how the district is implementing a multi-tiered system of support framework. Indicate if the district or charter school is using the MnMTSS framework and if the district and school teams have participated in MDE professional learning cohorts. Specify if the district or charter school team has attended MnMTSS professional learning and/or conducted the Self-Evaluation of MnMTSS for District Leadership Teams (SEMI-DLT). Are there components/subcomponents that have been identified for improvement?

Describe the data and method(s) used to determine Tier 1 targeted evidence-based reading instruction for students and the processes for monitoring fidelity and intensifying or modifying Tier 1 instruction. Indicators and criteria for effective Tier 1 practices can be found in subcomponent 3.1 of the MnMTSS framework.

Describe the data and method(s) used to identify students not reading at grade level. Discuss the district's criteria for entry into Tier 2 and Tier 3 intervention, process for monitoring fidelity, type and frequency of progress monitoring during intervention, and criteria for exit from intervention. Indicators and criteria for effective Tier 2 and Tier 3 practices can be found in subcomponent 3.2 and 3.3 of the MnMTSS framework.

At the elementary level, our district follows an MTSS framework. Once students are identified as being at-risk (below grade level), they are given four diagnostic assessments that determines their main deficit area. Listed below are the key interventions used by ADSIS/intervention reading staff:

- PA: Sound Detective Kit (Auditory Level), Phonemic Alphabet Story Writing
- Phonics: Sound Detective Kit (Phonics Level), Phonemic Alphabet First Readers w/ Word Building, Beginning Reads w/ Sentence Building
- Fluency: Guided Oral ReReading, ROAR (Repeated Oral Assisted Reading)
- Vocabulary: Slash and Dash, Spot and Dot, Spelling by Pattern
- Comprehension: ReQuest (Questioning Strategy), Reading Power (Fiction and Nonfiction), Reciprocal Teaching

Progress monitoring occurs on all qualifing ADSIS students on a bi-weekly basis. Reading staff discuss student progress regularly and make modifications to the reading intervention as needed. Reading intervention through the ADSIS deptartment is considered to be Tier 2 or 3 depending if individual or small group.

FastBridge universal screening occurs three times a year in fall, winter, and spring. At these times, data is examined to determine which students qualify for reading intervention, need possible modifications, or have met exit criteria.

Professional Development Plan

Describe the district or charter school professional development plan for training educators on structured literacy. Include the name of the approved professional development program, timeline for completion.

Describe how the district or charter school will support the implementation of structured literacy and what data will be collected and how it will be used to assure continuous improvement.

Wabasha-Kellogg staff are enrolled in the CORE Online Language and Literacy Academy starting June 2024 with the goal to complete one model a month and be finished by May 2025. Teachers have been given resources to work at their own pace while also be provided time to collaborate with each other in this learning process. The goal is to implement consistent, research based practices across the district. Administration is also being trained so we can identify if these practices are in place while doing walk-throughs and evaluation. We will determine if these practices are effective based on meeting or exceeding our school literacy goals.

Provide the number of educators who have met the Minnesota READ Act professional development requirements through previous training, those who are currently in training, and those who still need training.

Phase 1: Educator Role	Total Number in District or Charter Organization	Educators who have completed Training	Educators with Training in Progress	Educators who need Training
Pre-K Classroom and Part B/619 Early Childhood Special Education Educators responsible for early literacy instruction	3	0	3	0
K-3 Classroom Educators (including ESL instructors responsible for reading instruction)	8	0	7	1
Grades 4-5 (or 6) Classroom Educators (if applicable)	6	0	6	0
K-12 Reading Interventionists	3	0	3	0
K-12 Special Education Educators responsible for reading instruction	12	0	12	0
Pre-K through grade 5 Curriculum Directors	2	0	2	0
Pre-K through grade 5 Instructional Support Staff who provide reading support	1	0	1	0

Phase 2: Educator Role	Total Number in District or Charter Organization	Educators who have completed Training	Educators with Training in Progress	Educators who need Training
Grades 4-12 Classroom Educators responsible for reading instruction	3	0	1	2
Pre-K through 12 Educators who work with English learners (Licensed ELL teachers)	1	0	0	1
Grades K-Age 21 Educators who work with students who qualify for the graduation incentives program under section 124D.68	0	0	0	0
Grades 6-12 Instructional support staff who provide reading support	0	0	0	0
Grades 6-12 Curriculum Directors	0	0	0	0
Employees who select literacy instructional materials for Grades 6-12	1	0	0	1

Action Planning for Continuous Improvement

Describe what needs to be refined in the district or charter school's implementation of evidence-based literacy instruction. Provide a description of the next steps the district or charter school will take to improve implementation of evidence-based literacy instruction.

We need consistent implementation of Tier 1 resources. We have identifed primary and ancillary resources in our curriculum that follows a scope and sequence throughout the district. We have areas that we can improve in the upper grade levels starting in 5th grade by either purchasing and extending the series we currently use in grades K-4 (Wonders) or to purchase curriculum that has been approved through the READ Act (Wit and Wisdom).

Best practice Reading instruction will also be a priority for PLCs throughout the school year as we establish goals and the check teacher progress on attaining those goals periodically.